

A categorical Connes' $\chi(M)$

A UBTC from a II_1 -factor

Quan Chen
The Ohio State University

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A categorical Connes' $\chi(M)$ (arXiv: 2111.06378)
Gauging theory for categorical Connes' $\chi(M)$ (in preparation,
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Corey Jones



David Penneys

Tensor category

A tensor category \mathcal{C} is a \mathbb{C} -linear category with a bilinear tensor structure $\otimes : \mathcal{C} \times \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$.

Examples:

- ▶ $\text{Vec}, \text{Vec}(G), \text{Rep}(G)$
- ▶ $\text{Bim}(M)$ with \boxtimes_M

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha : G &\rightarrow \text{Aut}(M) & \Rightarrow & F_\alpha : \text{Hilb}(G) \rightarrow \text{Bim}(M) \\ g &\mapsto \alpha_g, & & \mathbb{C}_g \mapsto L^2 M_{\alpha_g}. \end{aligned}$$

Let $N \subset M$ be a finite depth finite index II_1 -subfactor, which means its even part of standard invariant $\text{Std}(N \subset M) := \langle {}_N M_N \rangle \subset \text{Bim}(N)$ under $\boxtimes_N, \oplus, \subset$ is a unitary fusion category.

Braided tensor category

A braided tensor category is a tensor category with a braiding:

$$\beta_{a,b} = \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ \text{---} \\ a \quad b \end{array} \in \mathcal{C}(a \otimes b \rightarrow b \otimes a)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ \text{---} \\ a \quad b \quad c \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ \text{---} \\ a \otimes b \quad c \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} b \\ \text{---} \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ \text{---} \\ a \quad c \end{array} \text{ (with } f \text{ on } a \text{)} = \begin{array}{c} b \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ a \quad c \end{array} \text{ (with } f \text{ on } b \text{)}$$

$$f \in \mathcal{C}(a \rightarrow b)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ \text{---} \\ a \quad b \quad c \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ \text{---} \\ a \quad b \otimes c \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} c \\ \text{---} \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ \text{---} \\ a \quad b \end{array} \text{ (with } g \text{ on } a \text{)} = \begin{array}{c} c \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ a \quad b \end{array} \text{ (with } g \text{ on } c \text{)}$$

$$g \in \mathcal{C}(b \rightarrow c)$$

Connes' Original $\chi(M)$

[Connes 75] Let M be a II_1 -factor, $\alpha \in \text{Aut}(M)$ is

- ▶ Approximately Inner: if $\exists \{u_n\} \subset U(M)$ such that $\|\alpha(x) - \text{Ad } u_n(x)\|_2 \rightarrow 0$ for all $x \in M$. \rightsquigarrow group $\overline{\text{Int}(M)}$
- ▶ Centrally Trivial: if for all central sequences $\{a_n\} \subset M$, $\|\alpha(a_n) - a_n\|_2 \rightarrow 0$ \rightsquigarrow group $\text{Ct}(M)$

$\chi(M) := \left(\overline{\text{Int}(M)} \cap \text{Ct}(M) \right) / \text{Int}(M)$ is an abelian group.

[Jones 80] Quadratic form $\kappa : \chi(M) \rightarrow U(1)$.

\rightsquigarrow by (Eilenberg–MacLane), $(\chi(M), \kappa)$ gives a UBTC.

Categorical $\tilde{\chi}(M)$

Notice that $\alpha \in \text{Aut}(M) \iff L^2(M)_\alpha \in \text{Bim}(M)$

[Popa 94] Let $H \in \text{Bim}(M)$ be a right finite Hilbert bimodule.

- ▶ Approximately Inner: if there exists an approximate inner Pimsner-Popa basis $\{b_i^n\}_{\substack{1 \leq i \leq K \\ n \in \mathbb{N}}} \in H_M^\circ$, such that

$$\textcircled{1} \sup_{i,n} \|L_{b_i^n}\| < \infty$$

$$\textcircled{2} \sum_{i=1}^K L_{b_i^n} L_{b_i^n}^* - \text{id}_H \rightarrow 0 \text{ SOT} \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad \text{UTC Bim}_{\text{ai}}(M)$$

$$\textcircled{3} \|ab_i^n - b_i^n a\|_H \rightarrow 0 \text{ for all } a \in M.$$

- ▶ Centrally Trivial: if for all central sequences $\{a_n\} \in M$ such that $\|a_n \xi - \xi a_n\|_H \rightarrow 0$ for all $\xi \in H$. \rightsquigarrow UTC $\text{Bim}_{\text{ct}}(M)$

$\tilde{\chi}(M) = \text{Bim}_{\text{ai}}(M) \cap \text{Bim}_{\text{ct}}(M)$ is a UTC.

Theorem (C, Jones, Penneys 21)

Let $X \in \text{Bim}_{\text{ai}}(M)$ with approximately inner P - P basis $\{b_i^n\}$, and $Y \in \text{Bim}_{\text{ct}}(M)$ with P - P basis $\{c_j\}$

$$u_{X,Y} := \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (L_{c_j} \otimes L_{b_i^n}) \circ (L_{b_i^n}^* \otimes L_{c_j}^*) : X \boxtimes_M Y \rightarrow Y \boxtimes_M X$$

exists and is a unitary centralizing structure satisfying all the coherences.

Therefore, $\tilde{\chi}(M)$ is a UBTC, which is a full subcategory of $\text{Bim}(M)$.

- ▶ $\chi(M) \subset \tilde{\chi}(M)$ as a braided subcategory.
- ▶ If M and N are Morita equivalent, then $\tilde{\chi}(M) \cong \tilde{\chi}(N)$ as UBTCs.

Examples

- ▶ Let R be the hyperfinite II_1 -factor and N be a non-gamma II_1 -factor, $\tilde{\chi}(R) \cong \tilde{\chi}(N) \cong \tilde{\chi}(R \overline{\otimes} N) \cong \text{Hilb}$
- ▶ Let $N \subset M$ be a finite depth finite index non-gamma II_1 -subfactor. Let $M_0 = N \subset M = M_1 \subset M_2 \subset \dots$ be the Jones Tower and

$$M_\infty := \varinjlim M_n = \overline{\bigcup_n M_n}^{\text{SOT}}$$

Suppose standard invariant $\mathcal{C} := \mathcal{C}(N \subset M)$, we show that

Theorem (C, Jones, Penneys 21)

$\tilde{\chi}(M_\infty) \cong \mathcal{Z}(\mathcal{C})$ as UBTCs

Conjecture: If II_1 factor $M \cong M \otimes R$ and $\tilde{\chi}(M) \cong \text{Hilb}$ then $M \cong R \otimes N$ for some non-gamma II_1 factor N .

Corollary 1: Let $N_1 \subset N_2$ and $M_1 \subset M_2$ be non-gamma II_1 -subfactors. If $\text{Std}(N_1 \subset N_2)$ and $\text{Std}(M_1 \subset M_2)$ are not Morita equivalent, then N_∞ and M_∞ are not isomorphic.

Corollary 2: By Popa's subfactor reconstruction theorem/GJS construction, every unitary fusion category can be realized as a standard invariant of non-gamma II_1 -subfactor. Therefore, every Drinfeld center of a UFC can be realized as $\tilde{\chi}(M)$ for some II_1 -factor.

Connes' short exact sequence

Let G be a finite group and $\psi : G \rightarrow \text{Aut}(M)$ be an outer action on a II_1 factor M . Suppose ψ is neither approximately inner nor centrally trivial.

Theorem (Connes)

There is a short exact sequence:

$$0 \rightarrow \text{Char}(G) \rightarrow \chi(M \rtimes_{\psi} G) \rightarrow \bigcup_{g \in G} g \text{Ct}(M) \cap \overline{\text{Int}(M)} \rightarrow 0$$

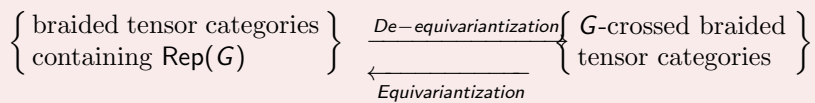
where $\alpha \in g \text{Ct}(M)$ if $\psi_{g^{-1}}\alpha \in \text{Ct}(M)$.

$$0 \rightarrow \text{Char}(G) \rightarrow \chi(M \rtimes_{\psi} G) \rightarrow \bigcup_{g \in G} g \text{Ct}(M) \cap \overline{\text{Int}(M)} \rightarrow 0$$

↓

$$\text{Rep}(G) \quad \tilde{\chi}(M \rtimes_{\psi} G) \quad \bigoplus_{g \in G} g \text{Bim}_{\text{ct}}(M) \cap \text{Bim}_{\text{ai}}(M)$$

Theorem (Muger 04)



Gauging theory for $\tilde{\chi}(M)$

Suppose ψ is neither centrally trivial nor approximately inner.

- ▶ $\tilde{\chi}_G(M) := \bigoplus_{g \in G} g\text{Bim}_{\text{ct}}(M) \cap \text{Bim}_{\text{ai}}(M)$ is a G -crossed braided unitary tensor category (with faithful grading).
- ▶ $\text{Rep}(G) \subset \tilde{\chi}(M \rtimes_{\psi} G)$ as fully braided subcategory.
- ▶ $\text{Fun}(G)\text{-mod}$ in $\tilde{\chi}(M \rtimes_{\psi} G)$ is equivalent to $\tilde{\chi}_G(|\text{Fun}(G)|)$ as G -crossed braided unitary tensor categories.

Note that $M \subset M \rtimes_{\psi} G \subset |\text{Fun}(G)|$ is Jones's basic construction, so $|\text{Fun}(G)|$ is Morita equivalent to M , $\tilde{\chi}_G(|\text{Fun}(G)|) \cong \tilde{\chi}_G(M)$.

Theorem (C, Jones, Penneys 23)

$$\tilde{\chi}(M \rtimes_{\psi} G) \cong (\tilde{\chi}_G(M))^G.$$

Thank you!